Electromagnetic spring-applied tooth clutch Type 548





Electromagnetic spring-applied tooth clutch - Type 548

Characteristics and features

- high torque transfer despite compact dimensions
- form-locking transmission of torque without slip
- engageable also at low relative speed
- operating at high range of temperatures
- easy control via direct current
- anti-magnetic toothing for optimized magnetic flux
- application-related customized tooth geometries
- short cycle times
- current supply with two slip rings
- oil running or dry running
- synchronized switching with fixed engagement positions
- offers uncompromised safety and reliability
- integrated, easy-to-assemble system solution
- · condition monitoring on demand













Mönninghoff power transmission represents an infinite variant diversity that is applied by all areas of modern mechanical engineering.

Our technologies are mostly designed to operate under extreme conditions. We offer high precision products for medical robotics, fail-proof security for aerospace technology or synchronization soultions for the packaging or printing industry.

We thus address customers who have the highest standards for their own machines or systems. To them, we can offer highly complex, application-specific solutions.



Electromagnetic spring-applied tooth clutch - Type 548

Match code

Mönninghoff spring-applied tooth clutches are indicated by the following match code:



548.A.2.1

A clutch size

Other individual characteristics:

- toothing geometry
- voltage
- bore size with keyway

According to these characteristics, we design individual solutions concerning transmitted torque, engaging behavior or rotation speed.

Our engineers can assist with finding an application-specific clutch at any time. Together, we can develop individual and innovative solutions for extreme operating conditions.

Ordering example

Mönninghoff spring-applied tooth brake Type 548.14.2.1

toothing standard voltage 24 Vdc

bore size d 20 mm H7, keyway acc. to DIN 6885/1



Electromagnetic spring-applied tooth clutch - Type 548

Clutch size

When dimensioning a Mönninghoff tooth clutch, several technical preconditions should be considered:

- for the selection of the correct size, not only the peak load but also the dynamic behavior of the drive have to be taken into account
- tooth clutches contrary to friction clutches must never be overloaded and safety factors must be considered
- generally, the selection of the correct clutch is based on torque:

$$M = 9550 \frac{P}{n} \cdot K [Nm]$$

$$M = (M_1 + M_2) \cdot K [Nm]$$

 the transmittable torque of the clutch must always be higher than the largest possible occurring torque:

Requirement
$$M_{ij} > M$$

P = power of motor [kW]

n = rotating speed [min⁻¹]

K = safety factor 1,5 ... 2,5

M = required torque

M_I = load torque

M_B = acceleration torque

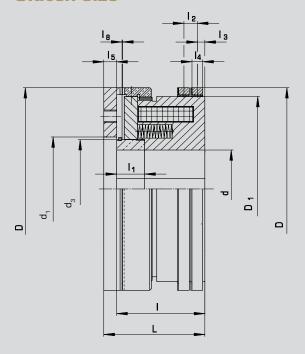
M[i] = nominal torque of clutch (see enclosed chart)

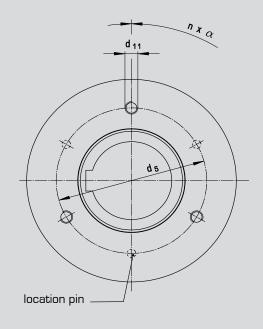




Electromagnetic spring-applied tooth clutch - Type 548

Clutch size





Spring-applied clutch with two slip rings

Technical data

| Size | | | 08 | 14 | 17 | 22 | 23 | 31 | 32 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| torque | | נו | lm] 10 | 40 | 80 | 180 | 350 | 1000 | 2200 |
| max. speed [min ⁻¹] | | | n ⁻¹] 4500 | 3600 | 3000 | 2500 | 2100 | 1800 | 1400 |
| input power | | | W] 18,6 | 38,8 | 58 | 81,5 | 100,6 | 162,1 | 195,1 |
| spring force | | | [N] 90 | 200 | 450 | 650 | 850 | 2300 | 5700 |
| number of teeth | normal | | 260 | 388 | 392 | 356 | 195 | 301 | 220 |
| | saw | | 30 | 36 | 38 | 40 | 40 | - | - |
| bore d ^{H7} | keyway acc. to DIN 6885/1 | min. [r | nm] 10 | 15 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 47 | 65 |
| | | max. | 15 | 32 | 40 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 85 |
| | keyway acc. to DIN 6885/1 | max. | - | 35 | - | - | - | - | - |
| dimensions | | D [r | nm] 67 | 95 | 114 | 134 | 166 | 195 | 240 |
| | | D ₁ | 70 | 85,5 | 100 | 120 | 150 | 178 | 218 |
| | | d ₁ H7 | 32 | 52 | 62 | 70 | 90 | 100 | 120 |
| | | d ₃ | 24 | 45 | 55 | 60 | 80 | 95 | 101,7 |
| | | d ₅ | 46 | 70 | 80 | 95 | 120 | 140 | 150 |
| | | d ₁₁ | M5 | M8 | M12 | M12 | M12 | M12 | M12 |
| | | L | 38 | 51 | 60 | 65 | 78 | 94 | 117 |
| | | I _{-0.1} | 34 | 46 | 54 | 60 | 68 | 82 | 101 |
| | | | 13 | 20 | 20 | 25 | 24,5 | 26 | 31 |
| | | l_2 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 12 | 12,5 | 12,5 | 14,5 |
| | | l ₃ | 5 | 6,5 | 6,5 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 8 |
| | | I_4 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| | | l _s | 5 | 6,5 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 16 |
| | | I _{8-0,1} | 0,2 | 0,2 | 0,2 | 0,3 | 0,3 | 0,4 | 0,4 |



Electromagnetic spring-applied tooth clutch - Type 548

Toothing geometries

Mönninghoff clutches offer a large variety of application-specific designs of toothing.

The amount of possible geometries or fixed points is endless and our engineers can help to design an optimized version at any time.

Toothing examples



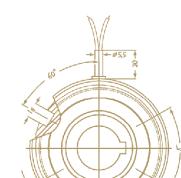
Standard

- transmits torque in both directions with little backlash
- also available backlash free
- with increased flank angle also available as torque limiter with fixed position engagement



Saw - left/right

- transmits nominal torque clockwise or counter-clockwise
- in reverse direction about 10% of torque can be transmitted
- can be engaged at higher speeds

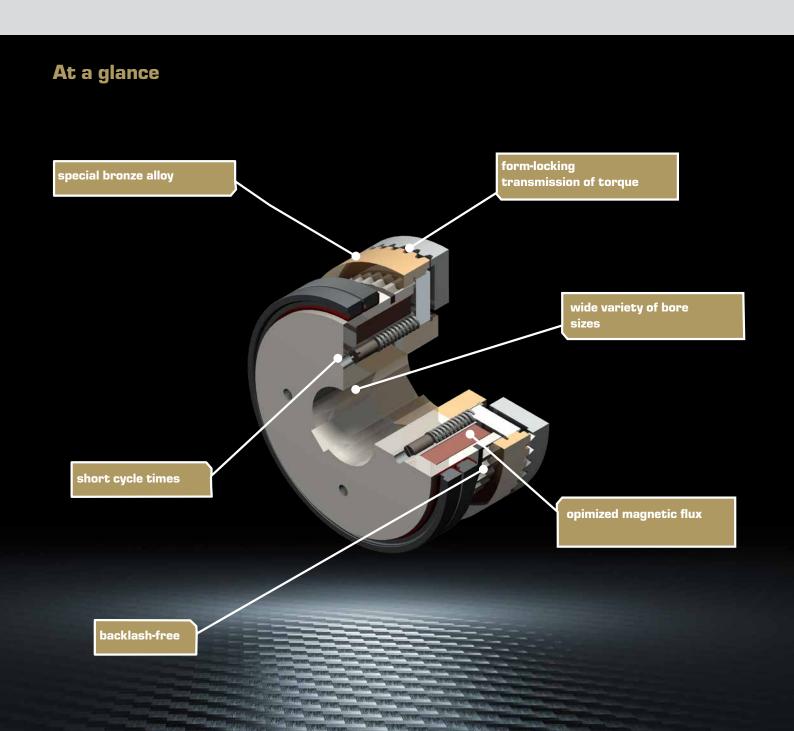




Electromagnetic spring-applied tooth clutch - Type 548

Voltage

- standard voltage is 24 Vdc
- special voltages between 6 and 196 Vdc on request
- spring applied (normally on)
- the permissible voltage tolerance is -10% to +5% according to VDE 0580
- in order to avoid induced voltage peaks, it is recommended to use varistors at high switching frequencies
- to ensure fast and safe release, it is recommened to pulse the coil with a high d.c. voltage



 $\, \odot \,$ 08/2022 | Electromagnetic spring-applied tooth clutch - Type 548 | EN Subject to technical alterations.

